Mental Health Issues in the Emergency Department Before and After the PEC

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2022 WORKPLACE VIOLENCE SYMPOSIUM

Discussion Topics

- PEC issues in the ED
- Management of patients following a PEC
- System failures and risks
- Documentation
- Evaluation requirements
- Escalations and violent patients



PEC & CEC

Physician Emergency Certficate Coroner's Emergency Certificate

LOUIS For observation, diagnosis, and Louisiana Revised Statutes, Ti	PH I treatment at a treatm	I'MENT OF HE YSICIAN'S E? ment facility for a pe	MERGENCY riod not to exceed	ICE OF BE CERTIFICA 15 days, or 28 of	ATE days, for s	ubstance abuse (Titi		
NAME OF EXAMINING PHYSICIAN:		EXAMINATION DATE:			EXAMINATION TIME:			
ADDRESS OF EXAMINING	PHYSICIAN:							
PATIENT DATA			DATE OF BIRTH MILITARY STATUS U VEIERAN NON-VETERAN FRIEND, OR GUARDIAN			BIRTHPLACE RELIGION RELATIONSHIP		
CHECK:	ADDRESS					PHONE NUMBER		
Mental Illness or Substance	Abuse (15 Day) 🗖		(28 Day) 1=		r For Prot	ective Custody Date	e:	
HISTORY OF PRESENT ILL PHYSICAL FINDINGS (MEI MENTAL CONDITION (ORI	DICAL HISTORY, C	CURRENT MEDICA	ATIONS, ETC.)				5)	
PREVIOUS PSYCHIATRIC TREATMENT DATE OF TREA			IMENT PLACE, IF KNOWN					
I am of the opinion t mentally ill or suffer 1. Dangerous to 2. Unwilling SIGNATURE OF EXAMININ	ing from substance a self Danger Unable	buse so that he/she i	immediate psychi is (check where apj Gravely disabled	atric treatment i propriate in both	h 1 & 2):	ent facility because	he/she is seriously TIME SIGNED	
Completion of above certificat 1. 2.	e shall constitute leg	al authority to transp						
o be transported by:								

Complete Prior

OBH-1 (PEC) Rev. 05/2017

ORIGINAL TO HOSPITAL - ONE COPY TO EXAMINING PHYSICIAN

Issues Arising from Changes in Mental Health Delivery System

- ED has become the first line of defense for patients with a mental health crisis.
- Lack of beds and Covid 19 creates boarding/daycare environment in a busy ED and other units that are unfamiliar with the needs of PEC patients
- Increases in potential liability exposures for the ED physicians, hospitals, and staff

Evaluation Requirements

Who can lift a PEC/CEC?

Lifting PEC/CEC

- The PEC/CEC statute does not provide a clear procedure for early termination of a PEC, however, the language generally suggests that a mental health patient has the right to be discharged as soon as their condition has improved to the point that confinement is no longer required.
- La. R.S. 28:96 provides that a patient who has a mental illness who no longer requires treatment may be discharged with the approval of the attending physician and treatment team.

PEC Documentation

When does it start?

ED is a team effort for all care, especially PECs.

- Triage Process
- Nursing
- ED Docs
- Telepsych



Documentation

The medical record is the central piece of evidence in every malpractice case.



Violent Patients

Medication/Treatment

- Any licensed physician may administer medication to a patient without his consent and against his wishes in a situation which, in the reasonable judgment of the physician who is observing the patient during the emergency, constitutes a psychiatric or behavioral health emergency.
- Behavioral Health Emergency patient, as a result of mental illness, a substance related/addictive disorder, or intoxication, engages in behavior placing patient or others at significant and imminent risk of damage to life or limb.

La. R.S. 28:53

Violent Patients

Restraint

- Seclusion or restraint shall only be used to prevent a patient from physically injuring himself or others. Seclusion or restraint may not be used to punish or discipline a patient or used as a convenience to the staff of the treatment facility.
- Seclusion or restraint shall only be used when verbal intervention or less restrictive measures fail.
- Seclusion or restraint shall only be used in an emergency. An emergency occurs when there is either substantial risk of self-destructive behavior, as evidenced by clinically significant threats or attempts to commit suicide or to inflict serious harm to self, or a substantial risk or serious physical assault on another person, as evidenced by dangerous actions or clinically significant threats that the patient has the apparent ability to carry out.

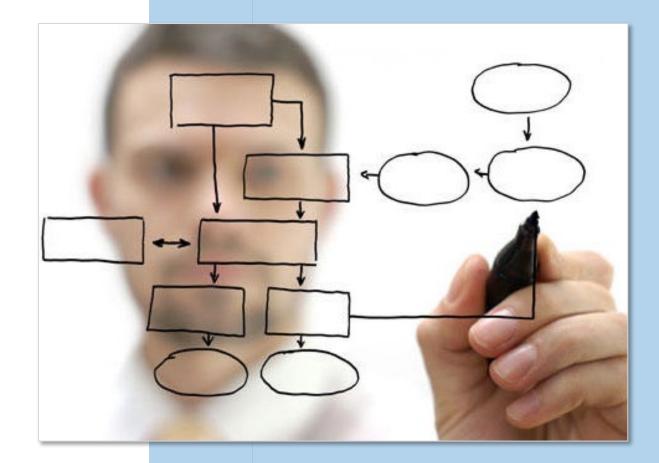
La. R.S. 28:171

System Failures

- Patient risk of injury
- Risk of third-party injury
- Risk of Staff injury
- Litigation exposure

Goals

- Identification
- Assessment
- Staff training



Case Example Documentation

ED Note

The patient presents to the emergency department with c/o off and on tingling to face. Onset: The symptom(s)/episode began/occurred yesterday. Associated signs and symptoms: Pertinent negatives: abdominal pain, chest pain, congestion, constipation, cough, diarrhea, dysuria, earache, fever, headache, nasal discharge, rash, seizure, shortness of breath, sore throat, vomiting, wheezing.

10-year-old well-appearing male presents emergency room has a past medical history of autism and ADHD. Mother reports that child has been complaining of tingling to his entire face off-and-on since yesterday. She also states for the last several days he has been very emotional, he seems depressed, and sometimes he is having outbursts. Mother reports to me that the child reported to her husband yesterday he wanted to kill himself and grabbed a kitchen knife. Mother states child has a local psychiatrist however he has never had any suicidal thoughts or ideations previously. Currently child has no complaints.

23:15 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

23:30 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

23:45 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

09/24

00:00 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

00:15 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

00:30**Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

00:45 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked. cf3

01:00 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Fluids offered: Offered fluids and patient accepted. Elimination: Offered restroom and patient accepted. Range of motion performed to: Per self. Nutrition/hydration: Offered food and patient declined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

01:15 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

01:30 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

01:45 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is calm. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even non-labored, airway patent, no immediate needs determined. Skin/circulation checked.

cf3

02:00 **Patient Behavior:** Patient is sleeping. **Care Provided**: Observed by ED staff, respirations even noncf3

Elopement Case Example

Resources the Trust Offers

https://lhatrustfunds.com/toolkit/ behavioral-health-toolkit/



Questions?

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Providing Insurance Solutions for Louisiana's Healthcare Providers for over 40 years MALPRACTICE - GENERAL LIABILITY - WORKERS' COMPENSATION